



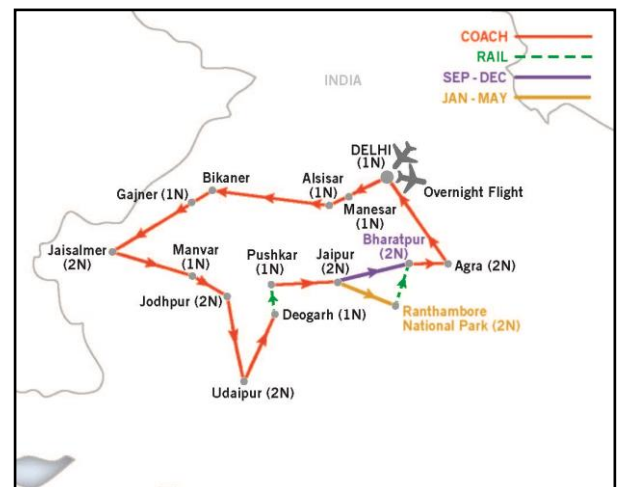
Rajasthan Panorama – Pushkar Festival Tour Dossier

Classic Tour | 21 Days | Moderate

Rajasthan conjures up images of maharajas and palaces and is regarded as one of the most colourful and exciting states in all of India. Marvel at the beauty of this region's diverse landscapes, as you travel across deserts, lakes and national parks.

Tour Highlights:

- **Delhi** - India's capital consisting of a lively mix of historical monuments, modern day sky scrapers and colourful local bazaars
- **Alsisar** - Heritage town set within a superb setting
- **Jaisalmer** - A town that is a living monument to a bygone era; Jaisalmer Fort and its surrounds
- **Manvar** - Home to the Manvar Desert camp; an oasis within the sand dunes
- **Jodhpur** - Majestic Mehrangarh Fort dominates this busy city
- **Udaipur** - Lake Pichola with its floating Lake Palace is the centerpiece among many treasures
- **Pushkar** - A beautifully unique and very religious city
- **Jaipur** - Capital of the Rajasthan State and often referred to as the 'pink city' due to the pink sandstone that is used in the old quarter
- **Ranthambore National Park** - 1334 sq. km of national park that is a prime example of Project Tiger's conservation efforts **OR** **Bharatpur** - Visit a well-known bird sanctuary, where 364 species of birds, including the rare Siberian crane, have been recorded.
- **Agra** - Home to the magnificent Taj Mahal, the famous monument to love



Rajasthan Panorama tour inclusions

- Return international economy flights, taxes and current fuel surcharges (unless a land only option is selected)
- All accommodation
- All meals
- All sightseeing and entrance fees
- All transportation and transfers
- English-speaking National Escort (if your group is 10 or more passengers)
- Visa fees for Australian passport holders

Personal expenditures e.g. drinks, optional excursions or shows, insurance of any kind, tipping, early check in or late checkout and other items not specified on the itinerary are at your own expense.

Classic Tours

These tours are designed for those who wish to see the iconic sites and magnificent treasures of India on an excellent value group tour whilst travelling with like-minded people. The tours are on a fully-inclusive basis so you'll travel with the assurance that all your arrangements are taken care of. You will be accompanied by our dedicated and professional National Escort or Local Guides, whose unparalleled knowledge will turn your holiday into an unforgettable experience.

Moderate

'Rajasthan Panorama' is a **moderate** tour. Moderate tours require a higher level of fitness and may include standard activities and longer periods of sightseeing. Easy walking, high altitude and overnight train journeys may feature. Anyone with a good level of fitness should be able to complete this itinerary.

Our National Escort and Local Guides will always endeavour to provide the highest level of service and assistance; however, they cannot be expected to cater for customers who are unfit to complete the itinerary.

Country Profile: India

India evokes images of colourful religious festivals, deserts lined with historic forts, tented camps nestled in sand dunes, delicious food and royal palaces. Abundant wildlife such as the Asian Elephant and the Royal Bengal Tiger are found in the numerous national parks and wildlife sanctuaries. All of these images of India may be experienced on our tours, but the most lasting memories that you will take away with you is of the happy, smiling people.

Joining Your Tour

The tour is 21 days in duration including international flights. Travellers booked on 'Land Only' arrangement should make their own way to the starting point. Join the tour on Day 1 in Manesar and end the tour on Day 20 in Delhi. Please refer to your final itinerary for more specific meeting instructions pertaining to your departure.

Itinerary Changes

1. It is our intention to adhere to the day-to-day itinerary as printed; however, the order of events or sightseeing may change as we look to improve our tours or as local conditions dictate. In these circumstances we will make the best possible arrangements whilst maintaining the integrity of your trip.
2. The domestic airlines in this region have frequent schedule changes. For this reason we have indicated morning, afternoon or evening flights only in the following section. Your Local Guide or National Escort will inform you of any schedule changes.
3. The Taj Mahal is currently undergoing renovations to its exterior. The work is estimated to be completed by March 2018 and will be done in phases so that visitors to the Taj will still be able to experience the beauty of this architectural wonder.

Important Information Regarding Flight Delays

Due to unforeseen circumstances, flights can be delayed, and therefore connecting flights may be missed. If you find yourself in this situation, please contact our India office on **+91 98 1899 0222/+91 98 1048 8398** (outside India) or **98 1899 0222/98 1048 8398** (within India) to urgently advise your arrival details have changed. Please ensure you have your trip number, tour name (both included in your final documentation) and new arrival details (flight number and arrival time) handy to pass on to our local office in India. This will ensure your National Escort/Local Guide can be informed of your most up to date information and ensure someone is at the airport to meet you on arrival. There is also a dedicated duty officer available 24 hours a day at the international airport, who can be contacted on **+91 81 3039 1236** if required upon arrival in Delhi.

If we are not advised of late changes and missed connections, Wendy Wu Tours cannot guarantee someone will be able to meet you upon arrival in India as our local office will have no way of knowing which flight you will be arriving on. Wendy Wu Tours will not be responsible for providing reimbursement of transportation costs from the airport to your hotel in the event that our local office was not advised of changes to arrival time

Rajasthan Panorama Itinerary

DAY 1: AUSTRALIA TO MANESAR

Fly with Singapore Airlines to Delhi for an overnight stay. Your National Escort/Local Guide from Wendy Wu Tours will meet you at the Delhi International Airport in the Arrivals Hall. Together with other group members who may be arriving at a similar time, you will transfer (1 hour drive) to your hotel located in nearby Manesar and check-in. Staying overnight in Manesar allows us a more convenient drive out of Delhi tomorrow morning. *In the event of flight delays or changes to arrival times, please see the details above as to what to do in this circumstance.*

Destination Information

Manesar - A quickly growing suburb in the outskirts of Delhi.

DAY 2: MANESAR TO ALSISAR

This morning a tour introduction will either be held in the hotel or on the coach. Food and drinks will not be served at this meeting. It is simply an opportunity for your group to meet and learn more about travelling in India. Drive approximately 7-8 hours (260km) to the heritage town of Alsisar for a picture of village life in rural Rajasthan and have lunch en route. There is no sightseeing on arrival in Alsisar so the rest of the day is at your leisure.

Destination Information

Alsisar - Alsisar, located in the Shekhawati region, provides the visitor a non-commercialised picture of village life in rural Rajasthan. The whole area of Shekhawati has beautiful frescoes, havelis and mansions and is often referred to as an open-air art gallery.

DAY 3: ALSISAR TO GAJNER VIA BIKANER

Drive approximately 7-8 hours (296km) to the desert town of Bikaner. Visit the impressive Junagarh Fort to commence easy sightseeing including a rickshaw ride through medieval streets to the Old City Bazaar. Discover the Prachina Bikaner Cultural Centre and Museum and enjoy lunch at the museum café.

Afterwards continue driving the short distance of approximately 45 minutes (32km) to Gajner and check into your hotel, Gajner Palace.

Destination Information

Junagarh Fort - Built by Raja Tai Singh in 1588, Junagarh is one of the most impressive forts in India. The various palaces at Junagarh Fort include the Chandra Mahal (Moon Palace) with mirror work, carvings and marble decorations and the Phool Mahal (Flower Palace). The royal chapel is Har Mandir, where royal weddings and births were once celebrated.

Prachina Bikaner Cultural Centre and Museum - Established by Siddhi Kumari, daughter of Late Maharaja Narendra Singhji of Bikaner, in 2000 with a vision to preserve Bikaner's rich cultural diversity and to showcase monolithic identity of Bikaner in form of a Museum. Siddhi Kumari's endeavor is in line with the Bikaner royal family's rich and glorious tradition of establishing institutions for public benefits.

Bikaner - A major desert town in northern Rajasthan that was founded in 1488.

Gajner Palace - Located approximately 32km from Bikaner, the palace is spread over 6,000 acres on its private wildlife sanctuary and offers stunning views of Gajner Lake. Formerly a hunting resort, the park is filled with wildlife such as black bucks, wildfowl and rare birds.

DAY 4: GAJNER TO JAISALMER

This morning drive approximately seven hours (299km) to Jaisalmer and check into the hotel. In the afternoon, drive out of town to Sunset Point for leisurely sightseeing including a local market.

Destination Information

Jaisalmer - Founded by Prince Jaisala in 1156, it has been dubbed the 'Golden City' because of the honey-coloured sandstone walls, emphasized by the setting sun. It was once a flourishing trade centre, strategically located on the busy caravan trade route to Afghanistan and Central Asia. Jaisalmer's wealthy traders and rulers vied with each other to beautify their austere desert surroundings with splendid palaces and havelis. Made of the local golden-yellow sandstone, they are the most spectacular example of the Rajasthani stonemason's art.

Sunset Point - A vantage point located on top of a small hill where you can view the city, including the fort.

DAY 5: JAISALMER

This morning's sightseeing takes place at the Jaisalmer Fort, built atop the 80m-high Trikuta Hill. Explore the Fort, then continue to the beautifully carved Jain temples and Badal Vilas Palace for approximately 2-3 hours sightseeing on foot. After lunch, drive approximately 1.5 hours (42km) to the Sam Sand Dunes. Sightseeing here involves a camel ride at sunset in the Thar Desert National Park before returning to the hotel for dinner. Tourist numbers can be high as camel rides have become very popular, which has led to tourists littering in the area. Please remember to remove all rubbish once you leave. If time permits, your guide will try to lead the group away from the crowds.

Destination Information

Jaisalmer Fort - The fort rises like a fabulous mirage out of the sands of the Thar Desert. The impressive contours of its 99 bastions are softened by the golden hue of the stone. Built in 1156 by Maharawal Jaisal and added to by his successors, this citadel stands on the peak of the 80m-high Trikuta Hill. In medieval times, Jaisalmer's entire population lived within the fort and to this day thousands of people reside here, making it India's only living fort.

Royal palaces, a cluster of Jain temples, mansions and shops are all contained within its walls.

Jain Temples - Located within the fort walls, the 7 yellow intricately carved sandstone Jain temples date back to the 15th and 16th century.

Havelis - Jaisalmer is home to some impressive merchant mansions (havelis) including the Patwon Ki Haveli, a five-storey mansion with carved pillars and murals.

Sam Sand Dunes - The picturesque sand dunes are located 42km west of Jaisalmer in the midst of the Thar Desert.

DAY 6: JAISALMER TO MANVAR

Depart Jaisalmer and drive approximately 5 hours (190km) into the Thar Desert to Manvar. This afternoon travel by camel and jeep safari to Bishnoi villages and meet the local people. You will have a memorable overnight stay in a tented camp in the desert. *Manvar Resort is used if the camp is unavailable (The camp is closed from mid-April to September). Manvar Resort is located 7km from the camp and is designed in a 'village settlement' style.*

Destination Information

Manvar Desert Camp - Spend a memorable night in the midst of the wilderness surrounded by sand dunes. The camp consists of 30 deluxe tents tastefully decorated, all with bathrooms providing running hot and cold water. Meals are provided in the dining tent, which offers breathtaking views of the sunrise, sunset and the surrounding countryside. Evenings are livened up by campfire, mashaals and local musicians and dancers.

Local Bishnoi Village - The Bishnois follow 29 principles of a non-violent Vaishnavas sect, founded in the 15th century by Jambeswarji.

Day 7: MANVAR TO JODHPUR

Today drive approximately 3.5 hours (164km) to Jodhpur, located on the edge of the Thar Desert. Upon arrival proceed to your hotel and check-in for a two-night stay.

Destination Information

Jodhpur - Known as the 'blue city' due to the vivid blue painted houses in the old city. It is the second largest city in Rajasthan and is located at the entrance to the Thar Desert in a region called Marwar. The old city, founded in 1459, is surrounded by a 10km-long wall and situated on a 125m-high hill. The massive Mehrangarh Fort overlooks the city

and the red sandstone palaces within the fort form one of the most impressive complexes in Rajasthan.

DAY 8: JODHPUR

Sightseeing today begins with a visit to Jaswant Thada, the royal cremation grounds. Continue on to explore the imposing Mehrangarh Fort, where sightseeing involves approximately two hours on foot and some steps. The group bus will drop off and collect passengers at the same place, so anyone unable to complete this activity may return and wait for the group. Drive (30 minutes) to Umaid Bhawan Palace. Sightseeing here involves approximately one hour of easy walking around the palace and museum. Later take an auto rickshaw to a local restaurant for lunch before enjoying a walking tour through Subzi Mandi, the local vegetable and spice market.

Destination Information

Jaswant Thada - A 19th century royal cenotaph built in honor of Maharaja Jaswant Singh II, the 33rd ruler of Jodhpur.

Mehrangarh Fort - Raised 120m above the city's skyline, Mehrangarh Fort is one of the most magnificent and best preserved forts in India. Within the fort are some magnificent palaces with meticulously carved panels, latticed windows known as Jarokhas. The chambers of Moti Mahal, Phool Mahal, Sheesh Mahal, the Sileh Khana and the Daulat Khana are noteworthy for the splendour and glamour of a bygone era.

Umaid Bhawan Palace - One of the last great palaces in India, it now houses a remarkable museum.

Subzi Mandi - A local vegetable and spice market.

DAY 9: JODHPUR TO UDAIPUR VIA RANAKPUR

After breakfast depart Jodhpur and travel approximately 5 hours (268km) to Ranakpur where you will visit the largest Jain temple complex in India. Sightseeing here involves 30 minutes of easy walking – refer to **Appropriate Dress** section below. Drive a further two hours (93km) to Udaipur. Before sunset, drive 30 minutes to Lake Pichola for a relaxing cruise, passing the Lake Palace. Please note that the Lake Palace (now an exclusive hotel) does not allow visitors. There will be easy sightseeing at the Jagmandir Island Palace.

Destination Information

Ranakpur - A Jain temple complex built in the 15th century and located in the lovely valley of the Aravalli. The main

temple in the complex is the Chaumukha (four-faced) Temple, built in 1439. Its 29 halls are supported by 1,444 pillars, of which no two are alike. Also visit the Surya Temple, dedicated to Surya the Sun God, and other Jain temples.

Udaipur - The origins of Udaipur are based on a legend which tells of a holy sage that Maharaja Udai Singh encountered while hunting in the foothills of the Aravalli Range in Mewar. The sage told the King to build a palace in that exact spot and it would be well-protected and so with this advice, Maharaja Udai Singh built his residence there. At the time, Chittorgarh was the capital of Mewar state, however in 1568 Chittorgarh was attacked by the Mughal emperor Akbar, and so Maharaja Udai Singh moved the capital to Udaipur. Today, the City Palace of Udaipur is still home to Maharaja Udai Singh's descendants who remain rulers of this independent state. You will be able to tell if the Maharaja is in residence by the flag hanging from the palace wall.

Lake Palace - The 4km long Lake Pichola is fringed with hills, palaces, havelis, ghats and temples. While on the cruise you will see the Lake Palace, formally known as Jag Niwas, built between 1734 and 1751. It was once a royal summer retreat and is now one of the world's greatest hotels. It is also a popular location for film shoots, including James Bond's Octopussy.

DAY 10: UDAIPUR

Begin the day with a drive around the Fateh Sagar Lake. Tour the city at a leisurely pace for approximately 1-2 hours, visiting sites such as the Sahelion Ki Bari Gardens, the Folk Museum and Mewar Art Gallery. After lunch, explore the City Palace and wander through the surrounding local streets and shops for approximately two hours. At the palace there are many Pols, also known as gateways. The group will exit at a different gate to that which they entered (entry gate will be Bara Pol (Great Gate) while the exit gate will be Tripolia Pol (a triple arched gate). Some stairs at this location are without handrails, so please be cautious.

Destination Information

Fateh Sagar Lake - An artificial lake built in 1678 embellished with three islands, one of which houses a garden café.

Sahelion Ki Bari Gardens - A delightful 18th century retreat in the north of the city built for the Queen of Udaipur, whose dowry included 48 maids.

Folk Museum and Mewar Art Gallery - Houses a remarkable collection of Rajasthani folk art that is well worth a visit.

City Palace - The City Palace, built in 1725 overlooking Lake Pichola, comprises of 11 palaces including the Dilkush Mahal, Sheesh Mahal, Moti Mahal and the Palace of Lord Krishna, all of which are ornately decorated.

DAY 11: UDAIPUR TO DEOGARH

Travel approximately four hours (148km) to Deogarh, stopping en route to visit the small town of Eklingji to explore a temple. Proceed to Deogarh and upon arrival check into the hotel, the Deogarh Mahal, an imposing 17th-century palace standing atop of a hill offers a panoramic view of the Aravalli mountain range and the numerous lakes spread throughout the countryside.

Destination Information

Eklingji - One of the most famous temples in Rajasthan, Eklingji Temple is dedicated to Lord Shiva. Admire the exquisite architecture and the four-faced idol of Eklingji (Lord Siva).

Deogarh - Deogarh is situated on the right bank of the River Betwa at the Western end of the Lalitpur range of hills. The chief of Deogarh, known as 'the Rawat', was one of 16 Umraos (feudal barons) entitled to wait upon the Maharana of Udaipur.

DAY 12: DEOGARH TO PUSHKAR

Leave Deogarh this morning after breakfast, drive 7 hours to Pushkar and check into your tented camp accommodation. After lunch you will have the opportunity to visit the famous fair and enjoy the festivities such as folk dancing and music, camel racing and Tug of War. Please note that Pushkar observes religious laws against alcohol and non-vegetarian food. This evening stay in a desert camp located in the sand dunes of Pushkar.

Destination Information

Pushkar - The village of Pushkar lies 11km from Ajmer on the edge of the Thar Desert. At its heart is one of India's most sacred lakes, Pushkar Lake. There are 52 ghats around the lake and numerous temples.

Apart from its religious significance, Pushkar is known for its 'Cattle and Camel' fair held every year in the festival month of Kartik (from October to November). It is one of the world's largest camel fairs, and apart from the buying

and selling of livestock, it has become an important tourist attraction.

DAY 13: PUSHKAR TO JAIPUR

This morning visit the fair followed by a walking tour of the market and a stop at the Brahma Temple - refer to **Appropriate Dress** section below. Depart Pushkar and begin the drive to Jaipur, approximately 3.5 hours (146km). Check into your hotel and in the afternoon, explore the striking Maharaja's City Palace and the UNESCO World Heritage listed ancient Jantar Mantar Observatory. Sightseeing this afternoon involves approximately two hours on foot and climbing of steps in the City Palace. Jaipur is a larger city where it would be unwise to wander around without your National Escort/Local Guide at night as there have been reports of pickpockets, etc. Always speak to your National Escort/Local Guide before making own arrangements in the city.

Destination Information

Brahma Temple - An important pilgrimage centre for Hindus. The temple is constructed of marble and houses a statue of Lord Brahma in the seated position.

Jaipur - Jaipur was founded in 1727, at a time when Mughal power within India was declining. At this time the then Maharaja Jai Singh moved his capital from Amer Fort down onto the plain below. The city is now the capital of Rajasthan State and commonly called the 'Pink City' because of the pink paint on the buildings in the old city area. This was apparently done to imitate the magnificent, red sandstone buildings of the Mughals and in an attempt to impress the Prince of Wales when he visited Jaipur in 1876.

Maharaja's City Palace - A former royal residence located in the heart of the old city. Part of the building has been converted into a museum, while the royal family of Jaipur still uses the remaining sections of the palace as a private residence.

Jantar Mantar Observatory - The largest stone and marble crafted observatory in the world is located just outside the City Palace. The observatory has 17 large instruments, many of them still in working condition.

DAY 14: JAIPUR

Sightseeing this morning involves 2-3 hours on foot. Today's explorations include a photo stop at Hawa Mahal (Palace of the Winds), which is viewed from the street side opposite, as entrance is not granted to tour groups.

Continue to Amer Fort and board a jeep to ride from the bus park to the palace entrance. We have not included the elephant ride up to the palace in your itinerary because of the unreliability of this service; visitors usually need to queue for 2-3 hours and the service is often shut down without notice by local tourism authorities due to safety concerns. Inside the fort explore the Hall of Victory. There are a number of steps within the fort. Try your hand at the local handicraft at a printing and carpet weaving textile workshop and enjoy some time to shop at the lively bazaar in Choti Choper. Please be aware of your personal belongings during this time as the market can be crowded with locals and tourists. Sightseeing this afternoon involves approximately two hours on foot and climbing of steps. Enjoy a traditional dance performance at dinner this evening.

Destination Information

Hawa Mahal (Palace of the Winds) - Hawa Mahal is a five-story palace erected in 1799 by the Sawai Pratap Singh so that the veiled ladies of his harem could observe, unnoticed, the lively street scenes below.

Amer Fort - Built from yellow and pink sandstone and white marble, Amer Fort was built in the 16th century by Raja Man Singh. Inside the fort visit the Hall of Victory which houses the famed Sheesh Mahal.

Choti Choper - A market located inside the walled city, where villagers from around Jaipur come to sell and trade their produce.

DAY 15: JAIPUR TO BHARATPUR (September to December)

Depart Jaipur and drive approximately 4-5 hours (184km) east to Bharatpur. Upon arrival in Bharatpur, check into your hotel and enjoy the afternoon free at leisure.

Destination Information

Bharatpur - Located 184km east of Jaipur. Bharatpur was once considered to be an 'impenetrable city', and was the capital of the Jat Kingdom, whose people were pastoralists of the lower Indus river-valley area.

DAY 16: BHARATPUR

This morning drive to a Keoladeo National Park and enjoy a rickshaw safari for approximately three hours (rickshaws are used so the birds aren't scared off by the noise a jeep may make). During the rickshaw safari there are no bathrooms, please keep this in mind. Later visit a nearby village where you will have the chance to view the everyday life of the local people.

Destination Information

Keoladeo National Park - Formerly known as the Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary. Declared a UNESCO World Heritage listed site in 1985, the park attracts hundreds of indigenous birds as well as migratory birds including the renowned Siberian crane.

DAY 17: BHARATPUR TO AGRA VIA FATEHPUR SIKRI

Leave Bharatpur and drive 45 minutes (25km) to Fatehpur Sikri and visit the ancient capital city. Sightseeing involves up to one hour of easy walking. Then, drive 40km to Agra (approximately 1.5 hours). Upon arrival, check into the hotel.

Destination Information

Fatehpur Sikri - Located 40km from Agra, Fatehpur Sikri was built by Emperor Akbar in 1569 after it was prophesised that the then childless Akbar would have sons if he moved his capital to the site. At great expense to the empire, the capital was moved here but sadly only occupied for 14 years before slowly being deserted and ruined after Akbar left the city due to a scarcity of water. While here, visit the remarkably well-preserved and graceful buildings within the Ghost City including the Jama Masjid, tomb of Salim Chisti, Panch Mahal Palace and other palaces that speak of the grandeur and splendour of the Mughal Empire at the height of its power.

Agra - Home to the world famous Taj Mahal. Agra rose to fame in the mediaeval period as the capital of the Mughal Empire and was beautified with gardens, waterfalls, bathhouses and canals. In modern times, the city of Agra houses a thriving carpet industry. Upon arrival proceed to your hotel and check-in for a two-night stay.

DAY 18: AGRA

Rise early and begin the day by viewing the Taj Mahal in all its glory as the sun is rising. To reach the Taj Mahal, you will board your group coach and drive through the awakening streets of Agra (an early start means that we can avoid the heat and crowds at the Taj Mahal later in the day). No polluting vehicles are allowed within a 500m radius of the Taj Mahal complex. At a designated point the group will disembark the coach and board smaller electric carts to continue to the entrance gate. After clearing security and baggage checks you will be admitted to the complex. Usually 2 hours is spent here; sightseeing is easy with almost no steps. For admission to the main mausoleum area, you are required to wear shoe covers (this may be provided on site – be prepared to bring an additional pair of socks). Return to your hotel to freshen up before visiting a

marble inlay workshop. In the afternoon, explore the impressive Agra Fort. Sightseeing here involves approximately 1.5 hours on foot and climbing of stairs.

Please note: The Taj Mahal is currently undergoing renovations to its exterior. The work is estimated to be completed by March 2018 and will be done in phases so that visitors to the Taj will still be able to experience the beauty of this architectural wonder.

Destination Information

Taj Mahal - One of the most recognizable monuments in the world, the Taj Mahal is a white marble monument found on the southern bank of the Yamuna River. The Taj Mahal was built by the Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan between the years 1631-1648 in memory of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal, who died in 1631.

Agra Fort - Situated on the west bank of the Yamuna River and built by Emperor Akbar between 1565 and 1573. Its imposing red sandstone ramparts form a crescent along the riverfront and encompass an enormous complex of courtly buildings, ranging in style from the early eclecticism of Akbar to the sublime elegance of Shah Jahan. The barracks to the north are British additions from the 19th century. A deep moat, once filled with water from the Yamuna River, surrounds the fort.

DAY 19: AGRA TO DELHI

This morning say goodbye to Agra and commence the drive to Delhi (approximately four hours, 204km). This afternoon visit Qutab Minar, Lotus Temple and end the day at Connaught Place Markets where you can enjoy some shopping. Sightseeing in the afternoon involves approximately 2-3 hours of easy walking and shopping time.

Destination Information

Delhi - As the capital of India, Delhi is the third largest city with a population of approximately 18 million. Its strategic location along the north-south, east-west route has given it a focal position in Indian history and many great empires have been ruled from here. The monuments and ruins of these are scattered throughout the city, often side by side with modern structures and high-rise towers.

Qutab Minar - Built in the 12th century, this tower of victory is gracefully hand-carved along its entire height of

73m. Also visit the Iron Pillar, which has withstood the ravages of time and has not rusted after 1,500 years.

Lotus Temple - Completed in 1986, the lotus shaped temple is set amongst pools and picturesque gardens; people devoted to all faiths gather here to pray or meditate in silence.

Connaught Place Markets - As the coach cannot continue inside this area, the group will be dropped off on Janpath, one of the main roads in Delhi. From here it will be a 10-15 minute walk to the main section of Connaught Market where tourist shops sell traditional home wares, jewellery, books, clothing, saris and beads.

DAY 20: DEPART DELHI

Visit Old Delhi this morning before saying goodbye to India. Drive past the Red Fort, walk through the fascinating Chandni Chowk Bazaar to Jama Masjid and have a photo stop at India Gate. Sightseeing will take approximately 1-2 hours, followed by lunch, after which you will return to the hotel. After a late check-out, you will have dinner and be transferred to Delhi airport to board your overnight flight to Australia.

Destination Information

Red Fort - Home of the Mughal emperor for many years, the fort is located in the center of Delhi and houses a number of museums. View the fort as you drive past.

Chandni Chowk Bazaar - Built in the 17th century, Chandni Chowk is the oldest and most lively bazaar in Old Delhi. Built by the Mughal Emperor of India Shah Jahan and designed by his daughter, you can find stores selling everything from saris, Nehru suits, souvenirs to spices.

Jama Masjid - Jama Masjid is the largest mosque in India, with a courtyard capable of holding 25,000 devotees. Built between 1644 and 1658, the mosque was Shah Jahan's final architectural achievement.

India Gate - Located at the end of the Rajpath, India Gate is a moving memorial to the 90,000 Indian servicemen who died in World War 1.

DAY 21: ARRIVE AUSTRALIA

Arrive home today

RAJASTHAN PANORAMA TRAVEL INFORMATION

Visas

Entry visas are required by all visitors to India and Wendy Wu Tours Visa Department can assist you with the process of obtaining a visa. Please be advised that your passport must have at least 6 months validity left on it when you arrive back into Australia.

Please be advised that all Visa Applications for India MUST be completed on-line at the VFS website: www.vfsglobal.com/india/australia. Wendy Wu Tours will assist you with instructions. Once the form is completed, the application and passport must be sent to Wendy Wu Tours. Visas are valid for 6 months from the date of issue and allow you to stay in the country for up to 6 months. Visa application forms and all relevant documentation are due in our office 70 days prior to departure. Applications will not be accepted within 50 days of departure. Passports will be returned with your final documentation 2-3 weeks prior to your group tour's scheduled departure. If you require your passport to be returned earlier, a \$15 courier fee will apply.

Insurance

We strongly encourage all customers to take a copy of their travel insurance documents (especially relevant international contact numbers) with them while on tour. We advise that you check the inclusions and procedures for lodging claims prior to your departure. These documents should be stored separately from the originals.

Eating in India

Indian cuisine is one of the most influential, diverse and flavorful culinary styles in the world. Indian dishes incorporate many spices and seasoning to create an explosion of flavors. Though Indian cuisine can vary greatly from the Indian food we get in Australia, it is important to keep an open mind and be adventurous. All meals (excluding drinks) are included in our fully inclusive Rajasthan Panorama group tour, from the groups' arrival until the groups' day of departure. Please be aware that dishes selected for your meals reflect the cooking styles and signature dishes of the local area you are in.

Dishes served in restaurants on our group tours are varied. Some will be vegetable-based with meat mixed in, and a few will be meat-based. Our restaurants are well aware of the western palate – there are plenty of non-spiced options.

When eating meals on group tours, you will be seated around a circular table with other tour members. Dishes will be served in the traditional 'family style'; meaning that various dishes will be laid out in the centre of the table top. These dishes are intended to be shared amongst the group – there is always more than enough to feed everybody.

Please read your travel guide, which you will receive with your final documents for more information about eating in India. We recommend that when it comes to Indian food, you stay open minded and try to be adventurous!

Accommodation

All group tour hotels have private western bathroom facilities, air conditioning, TV and a telephone. Plumbing and electricity supplies can be erratic and quite often the power in hotel rooms is turned off while guests are out of the room. If you experience any difficulty, please speak to your National Escort/Local Guide.

Your accommodation has been selected for convenience of location, comfort or character, and can range from a business hotel in one city to a family-run guesthouse in a smaller town or a heritage-type hotel. In remote areas, accommodation may be of a lower standard and may not have western amenities. Hotels are generally rated as local three to four-star standard, but do please note that there is no international classification system for hotels and differences in facilities and quality do exist between Australia and India. Rest assured that all hotels used by Wendy Wu Tours are regularly inspected by our staff and our

partners to ensure that standards are met. Please note double bed requests can be made at time of booking but cannot be guaranteed.

Manvar Desert Camp: This is classed as a 'deluxe tented camp' by the Indian Tourism Authority. There are 30 permanent tents with simple but very comfortable accommodation. Each has two single beds/ Double Bed, a private bathroom with western toilet and shower (hot and cold water) and a veranda. There is no air-conditioning. Meals are served in the nearby dining tent. Tents will have generator supplied electricity, usually restricted to a few hours in the evening and morning.

Alternative Accommodation: Throughout Rajasthan State you will get the opportunity to stay in heritage properties which are restored palaces or forts. As these properties were not originally designed to be hotels, the room sizes will vary in the same accommodation category, as will the décor and layout. This uniqueness only adds to your experience in India.

Early Check-In/Late Check-Out

Early check-in is not included in our Indian group tours. If you wish to add early check-in to your booking, please contact our reservations department who can confirm additional pricing and make this arrangement for you, subject to availability at the hotel. Late check-out until 1800hrs is included in this group tour for passengers travelling on our fully inclusive package in the last hotel of stay.

Transport

Coaches: Coaches with air conditioning are used on our group tours for city sightseeing, short excursions to the countryside and longer transfers where necessary. Main and inner city roads in India have a reputation for being very congested. For this reason, it may not always be possible to return to your hotel after sightseeing to freshen up before going to the restaurant for dinner. Roads in India have generally been improved over recent years, but traffic and/or weather conditions may extend driving times. Road construction work usually covers an enormous section of road - not just one or two kilometres as you may be used to. For this reason, the timings listed in the sections above are approximations only.

Please note that seatbelts are not compulsory by law in India and therefore people largely choose not to wear them. For this reason some vehicles may not be fitted with seatbelts or they may be hidden underneath protective seat covers. It is recommended that where seatbelts are available customers must use them and remain seated at all times while the vehicle is moving. If you have any concerns, please notify your National Escort/Local Guides.

Trains: This trip involves 1 day journey in AC class cars – refer to your Travel Guide's TRANSPORT section for more information. Getting on and off the trains in India can be quite disordered and amusing as passengers will start boarding well before people have finished getting off! If your group is disembarking at a stop that is not the end of the line, the train will only stop for 10 minutes and you must have your luggage ready and by your side a few minutes before the train pulls into the station.

Development in India

Although India is developing quickly, it still lacks the international standards of civil infrastructure and tourist facilities. Concepts of personal responsibility are also different to those in Australia. Consequently, tourist and public facilities may not uphold the same safety standards as in Australia; for example, you may see a hole in the road without a warning sign or safety barricade. All of our suppliers meet local safety standards as a minimum. We want you to have an enjoyable holiday so we ask that you take extra care, use your common sense, refer to notices and follow advice from your National Escort/Local Guides.

Souvenirs

We want to be able to give you an opportunity to buy souvenirs so we include some stops at museums or exhibitions which demonstrates a craft or product unique to that region with pieces available to buy. We understand that souvenir hunting is not for everyone so we aim to take you to places which hold local interest; for example, in Agra you will be able to see local artists

creating stunning marble pieces, similar to what is used on the Taj Mahal. We trust you will enjoy these opportunities to learn about local arts and crafts and understand their historical and cultural importance.

Group Size

Most of our groups consist of 10 travellers or more and will be accompanied by a National Escort. There will usually be no more than 29 travellers in each group although you may encounter other Wendy Wu tour groups while you are travelling.

All our departures are guaranteed to operate with a minimum of 8 travellers booked (unless cancelled due to factors beyond our control). However, at our discretion we may operate departures with a smaller group size as we try to operate advertised departures wherever it is viable to do so. For groups with fewer than 10 travellers, departures will operate with local guides only.

Tipping Policy

Tipping while on holiday is a firm and expected element in the tourism industry and India is no exception. To remove the uncertainty and stress of not knowing how much is appropriate to tip or to whom, Wendy Wu Tours operates a tipping policy for our group tours where a nominated tipping amount is paid upon commencement of the programme by each tour member. This amount is stated in all group pricing, however it is not collected in your final payment received by Wendy Wu Tours.

This nominated tipping amount is to be given to your National Escort at the beginning of your tour, who will then distribute it amongst your main service providers – guides, drivers and coach attendants – on your behalf during the tour. Any other tipping, such as tips for camera and video fees, bathroom attendants or hotel porters that are taking luggage to your room, is at your discretion as are gratuities for additional requested special services. We encourage passengers to have a supply of small denominations of local currency to distribute for personal tipping.

The tipping amount is determined based on the total number of passengers travelling in the group. The amount is designed to be at a reasonable level for travellers while being fair to the local people and includes a gratuity for the National Escort. The final tipping amount will be outlined in your final documentation, which is distributed 2 weeks prior to your tours departure.

Packing List and Climate

You will find a complete packing list and a helpful climate chart in the 'Suggested Packing List', which will be included in the pre-departure information link sent within your deposit documentation. Seasonal weather patterns can be quite unpredictable. Up to the minute information on worldwide weather can be found on www.weather.com.

Luggage

All travellers are limited to two items of luggage each; a suitcase with a maximum weight of 20kg and one piece of hand luggage with a maximum weight of 7kgs. It is essential that your luggage is lockable. Please note that Indian authorities will only allow bottles onto the aircraft if they have been checked in as main baggage. Bottles in hand luggage may be confiscated.

Exchanging Cash

It is highly recommended that when travelling to cities outside of Delhi and other main cities that extra care and attention is paid when exchanging money. US Dollars are easily exchanged throughout India however, other currencies such as Australian Dollars can generally be exchanged in hotels and airports provided notes are new and undamaged. We suggest exchanging your money before travelling to remote areas and smaller towns, as exchange facilities can be limited. Your National Escort/Local Guide will remind you to do this before departure.

Personal Expenses & Optional Tours

You will need to take some extra money to cover drinks, laundry and souvenirs, plus any additional sightseeing that may be offered to you. Based on the advice of previous customers an approximate amount of AU\$250 per week should be sufficient; however for those that cannot resist a bargain, consider allocating a higher amount.

Optional tours may be offered in each city you visit during your tour at an additional cost. These are not included in the standard itinerary and will only be available if time permits. Each option will be arranged locally by your National Escort/Local Guide.

Climbing Steps

Sightseeing at nearly all of the palaces, fortresses and some temples involves climbing quite a number of steps. These palaces were built to provide defense against potential invaders so nearly all of them stand on top of a hill, while the interiors have layers of narrow hallways and steps to slow down the advance of enemies once they were inside. The steps tend to be quite large, not level and sometimes without handrails. Hindu and Buddhist temples or pagodas also tend to be built at an elevation, as this is the most auspicious position according to ancient beliefs. This means you sometimes need to walk from the bus park to the entrance, and/or need to climb some steps inside.

People with knee or hip injuries, who have poor balance or are otherwise unable to complete these activities independently should consider the suitability of this itinerary carefully.

Cultural Differences

India has many religions, cultures and histories. Foreign tourists, particularly female travellers, may be stared at as Indian women in some areas generally do not go out without their father or husband. Please be considerate of this, the local beliefs and customs and dress with consideration and modesty.

Appropriate Dress

When visiting temples or mosques, both men and women should dress in conservative, non-revealing clothing. Full-length trousers with a shirt or t-shirt for men; and pants or skirts well below the knee with a top that covers the shoulders and upper arms for women. Women might also consider carrying a 'modesty shawl' in their backpack – this could be a sarong or light scarf – which they can wear over their shoulders and heads to feel more comfortable while sightseeing at mosques. When visiting Jain temples, you must not wear or take in any leather items such as belts, watches, camera straps, purses and shoes.

Religious sites and homes throughout India – for Hindus, Jains, Sikhs, Muslims or Buddhists to name a few – require all visitors to remove their shoes to enter. Even if you then need to walk outdoors, over hot or rough ground, you will not be allowed to wear shoes. You will often find shoe storage rooms near the entrance of a site where it is customary to leave your shoes near the entrance. Occasionally there are 'shoe minders' who will offer to keep your shoes safe for a 'tip' – this is not compulsory so each customer can choose to tip for this service or not. If you do not want to remove your shoes, you will have to remain outside.

We recommend shoes that easily slip on and off, and carry a pair of thick, old socks in your backpack, which you can wear to protect your feet from any rough or hot surfaces. The following itinerary will indicate when you need to consider this.

Vaccinations and Your Health

We recommend that you contact either your GP or Travelvax (1300 360 164) for advice on vaccinations and travel health. Travelvax has a comprehensive website that you may also find useful www.travelvax.com.au.

Before You Leave

We strongly recommend registering your travel plans with www.smartraveller.gov.au as in the event of an emergency, Australian Consular assistance will be more readily available. You can also access the Australian Government's travel advisory service for up to date information about your destination on the same website

After your booking

Once you have booked with Wendy Wu Tours, you will receive a confirmation invoice with by deposit documentation via email. This includes important information and links to access the visa application form and instructions sheet online (if applicable). Your final documentation pack will be sent to you approximately 2 weeks prior to departure.

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