



## Egypt & Jordan Adventure

Classic Tour | 20 Days | Physical Level 1

Cairo – Alexandria – Luxor – Aswan – Cairo – Amman – Mount Nebo – Petra  
– Wadi Rum – Dead Sea - Amman

Combining famous monuments, temples and one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World this tour of iconic sites showcases the very best of Egypt and Jordan.

- Explore the pyramids of Giza
- Enjoy a city tour of Alexandria
- Take a scenic ride on a felucca
- Watch a chariot race in Jerash
- See the biblical site of Mount Nebo
- Experience Petra by day and night



## Egypt & Jordan Adventure tour inclusions:

- Return international economy flights, taxes and current fuel surcharges (unless a land only option is selected)
- All accommodation
- All meals
- All sightseeing and entrance fees
- All transportation and transfers
- English-speaking National Escort (if your group is 10 or more passengers)
- Visa fees for Australian passport holders
- Specialist advice from our experienced travel consultants
- Comprehensive travel guides

*The only things you may have to pay for are personal expenditure e.g. drinks, optional excursions or shows, insurance of any kind, tipping, early check in or late checkout and other items not specified on the itinerary.*

## Classic Tours:

These tours are designed for those who wish to see the iconic sites and magnificent treasures of the Middle East on an excellent value group tour travelling with like-minded people. The tours are on a fully inclusive basis so you will travel with the assurance that all your arrangements are taken care of. You will be accompanied by our dedicated and professional National Escort and local guides, whose unparalleled knowledge will turn your holiday into an unforgettable experience.

## Physical Level 1:

All our tours feature a physical rating to help you select the right holiday for you. To travel on any of our tours requires unaided mobility and the ability to stroll around the sights.

'Egypt & Jordan Adventure' is rated 1 on the physical level scale. A reasonable level of fitness is required but it's more about spending time on your feet rather than covering large distances. You'll be getting on and off coaches and boats, walking around the sights and climbing some steps.

Of course, our National Escorts and local guides will always endeavour to provide the highest level of service and assistance; however, they cannot be expected to cater for customers who are unfit to complete the itinerary. If you require any more information about the pace of our tours, please contact our reservations team who will be happy to answer your questions.

### Country Profile: Egypt & Jordan

**Egypt** is located to the north of Africa and joins the continent to the Middle East. Dating to the time of the pharaohs, Millennia-old monuments sit along the fertile Nile River Valley, including Giza's colossal Pyramids and Great Sphinx as well as Luxor's hieroglyph-lined Karnak Temple and Valley of the Kings tombs. The capital, Cairo, is home to Ottoman landmarks like Muhammad Ali Mosque and the Egyptian Museum, a trove of antiquities.

As one of the most peaceful and politically and economically-stable countries in the Middle East, **Jordan** is one of the most popular countries in the region in terms of tourism. Most famous for the 2000 year-old city of Petra, carved out of sandstone rock, Jordan's lands are as rich and fertile as its people are welcoming. Travel back in time, along the paths of the Romans, Nabataeans and biblical figures as you travel around this beautiful country. Jordan's wealth of culture will envelop you with ruins of ancient civilizations, religious sites, cultural hotspots and fabulous landscapes, from the dusty desert canyons to winding valleys.

Jordan's populations is mainly comprised of Arabs, either descendants of various tribes that inhabited this region centuries ago or those whose ancestors migrated here long ago. There is a smaller Circassian demographic (descendants of Muslim refugees from the 19th century), Chechens and a small Armenian population. Most of Jordan's population identify as Sunni Muslims, and its Christian population belong to the Greek Orthodox Church.

### Joining Your Tour

The tour is 20 days in duration including international flights. Please note due to flight schedules passengers may arrive/depart on Day 2. Travellers booked on 'Land Only, the price includes your arrival/ departure airport transfers if arriving/departing on the start and conclusion date of your tour. Please advise your international flight times to reservations. Join the tour on Day 2 in Cairo and end the tour on Day 19 in Dead Sea. Please refer to your final itinerary for more specific meeting instructions pertaining to your departure.

### Itinerary Changes

It is our intention to adhere to the day-to-day itinerary as printed; however, the order of events or sightseeing may change as we look to improve our tours or as local conditions dictate. In these circumstances we will make the best possible arrangements maintaining the integrity of your trip.

## Itinerary – Egypt & Jordan Adventure

### Day 1: Fly to Cairo

Fly overnight to **Cairo**, the ‘city of a thousand minarets’. You will be met and transferred to your city centre hotel ahead of this evening’s welcome dinner and briefing.



#### Destination Information

**Cairo** – Egypt’s capital, located on the banks of the Nile River, is one of the largest cities in Africa and the Middle East. Chaotically beautiful and brimming with history, it is a true meld of old and new, with modern towers slotting snugly between Fatimid monuments. Though ‘Cairo proper’ was founded in 969AD, its history runs much deeper. Its roots are in nearby ancient Memphis, founded by Narmer, the southern king who triumphed over the north and to establish a unified Egypt. Cairo’s modern status is largely the result of the medieval Islamic Fatimid Caliphate, who founded Fustat (now absorbed into Old Cairo) on the site of the earlier settlements.

### Day 3: Pyramids of Giza & The Sphinx

Visit Egypt’s most iconic sites: **the Pyramids of Giza** and the unblinking **Sphinx**, guardian of the mortuary complex. The Sphinx was poetically described by the writer John Lawson Stoddard as “grand in its loneliness; veiled in the mystery of unnamed ages.”

After lunch, explore the atmospheric **Cairo Museum** with its collections of statues, mummies and pharaonic treasures. Later, explore **the Khan el Khalili Bazaar**, a souk famed for its precious and semiprecious jewellery.



*\*Please note: Should the new Grand Egyptian Museum be open when you travel, then the Cairo Museum visit will be replaced by a visit to the new Grand Egyptian Museum, to which the artefacts will be moved.*

#### Destination Information

**Pyramids of Giza** - The last surviving Wonder of the Ancient World, the Great Pyramid of Giza comprises over two million blocks of stone and stands at a height of 479 feet. It is believed to have been intended as tomb of Egyptian king Khufu (Cheops), who reigned from 2589-2566 BCE. The neighbouring pyramids are those of his son and grandson – Khafre and Menkaure.

**The Sphinx** - It is unknown what the original Old Kingdom builders of the Sphinx called the monument. In the New Kingdom, it was described as Hor-em-akhet; the ‘Horus of the Horizon’. It was not until at least 2,000 years later that it became known as the Sphinx, after a similar Greek creature. The modern Egyptian Arabic name is Abū al Hūl, which translates to ‘The Terrifying One’, or literally ‘Father of Dread’.

## Day 4: Old Cairo – Coptic Quarter & Ancient Sakkara

Spend the morning exploring Cairo's oldest district, the **Coptic Quarter**. Explore its Coptic churches and the impressive Christian artefact collection at the **Coptic Museum**.

Later, continue to **Sakkara**, an ancient necropolis famed for its painted catacombs and the famous **Step Pyramid of Djoser**. Built for the Pharaoh by his architect, the high priest Imhotep, this 27<sup>th</sup> BC structure was Egypt's first ever pyramid. Inside, you'll see wonderful carvings on the alabaster stone walls.

Enjoy time to relax before this evening's dinner at the revolving restaurant atop Cairo Tower – the best viewpoint in the city.

*Visiting the Step Pyramid of Djoser requires some crouching to walk down a short sloping tunnel. The tunnel is both the entrance and exit, and you will be able to turn around if uncomfortable. You can opt to wait for the group outside the pyramid if you prefer – there are many alternative things of interest at the Sakkara site.*



## Day 5: Alexandria

Take the desert road to **Alexandria**, on Egypt's northern coast. This afternoon, discover Alexandria's breathtaking highlights, from the **Roman theatre** to the beautifully-carved **Catacombs of Kom el Shoqafa**, a 2<sup>nd</sup> century construction and one of the Seven Wonders of the Middle Ages. Three tiers of underground tombs are found here, with atmospheric reliefs of gods and serpentine spirits carved into the walls.

Pause to admire the renovated 15th-century **Qaitbay Citadel**, once an important defensive stronghold on Africa's Mediterranean coastline.



### Destination Information

**Catacombs of Kom el Shoqafa** – An underground archaeological site, considered one of the Seven Wonders of the Middle Ages and are the largest known Roman burial site in Egypt. They consist of three tiers of tombs and chambers cut 35m into the bedrock, with otherworldly wall art creating a sense of mystery and grandeur. Multiple families were buried here, along with one hall dedicated to the horses of the Emperor Caracalla.

**Qaitbay Citadel** – A 15<sup>th</sup> century defensive fortress, located at the entrance of the eastern harbour and built upon the ruins of the famous Lighthouse of Alexandria. It was built by the Mamluk sultans for the purpose of defending Alexandria from the advances of the Ottoman Empire. Though damaged by British bombardment in 1882, it has since been restored to its former glory.

## Day 6: El Alamein & The Monastery of St Macarius the Great

Depart Alexandria and visit nearby **El Alamein**, the site of two key battles during World War II. The Allied Victory in the second battle was instrumental in ending the Axis threat to Egypt. Visit the military museum and Commonwealth war cemeteries.

Head southeast back to Cairo, stopping en route to visit the historic **Monastery of St Macarius the Great**, continuously inhabited by Coptic Orthodox monks from the 4<sup>th</sup> century up to the present day.



### Destination Information

**First Battle of El Alamein** – Fought from 1<sup>st</sup>-27<sup>th</sup> July 1942, the first battle here ended in a stalemate with heavy losses on both sides, but prevented the Axis powers from advancing further into North Africa. The Axis forces (Panzer Army) were commanded by Erwin Rommel, 'the Desert Fox', while the Allied forces were led by Auchinleck.

**Second Battle of El Alamein** – (23<sup>rd</sup> October – 11<sup>th</sup> November 1942) By the time of the second battle, British general Auchinleck had been relieved of command. Harold Alexander and Bernard Montgomery together led the Allied forces to a decisive success against Erwin Rommel, forcing the Axis line back into Tunisia. Montgomery would later go on to command all Allied ground forces in the Battle of Normandy.

## Day 7: Flight to Luxor & Cruise Embarkation

Take a short flight from Cairo to the city of **Luxor**, boarding your **Nile cruise ship** before lunch. This afternoon, we visit sites around Luxor's East Bank, exploring the **Temples of Luxor and Karnak**. Both are dedicated to the Theban Triad: the sun god Amun the Creator, his consort Mut (mother of the world) and their son Khonsu, god of the moon. Return to the ship for dinner.



### Destination Information

**Temple of Karnak** – Known as Thebes in antiquity, Luxor was the political capital of Egypt in the Middle and New Kingdoms (2160-1065 BC). You will be able to marvel in awe at the majestic Hypostyle Hall which covers an area of 50,000 sq ft and is filled with over 100 gigantic stone columns. The hall was built by Seti I, who inscribed the northern wing, and was added to by later pharaohs such as Ramesses II and Ramesses IV.

**Temple of Luxor** – Begun by Pharaoh Amenhotep III (1390-1352 BC) and developed by others like Tutankhamun and Ramesses II, the Temple of Luxor is a smaller site but well-preserved. It has a smaller Hypostyle Hall than Karnak.

**Avenue of the Sphinxes** – A two-mile road lined with sphinx-like statues runs between the temples of Karnak and Luxor. In ancient years, the road was a key part of the Festival of Opet, when the ancient Egyptians would ceremoniously parade the statue of the god Amun-Re from Karnak to Luxor, where it was reunited with its Luxor equivalent. The festival was believed to renew the pharaoh's power.

## Day 8: Explore Luxor's Western Bank

Start the day with a visit to Luxor's West Bank, one of the most stunning landscapes in Egypt. Our day begins with a stop at the eerie **Colossi of Memnon** statues before continuing to the **Temple of Hatshepsut** at Deir-el-Bahari, the mortuary complex of one of Egypt's earliest female pharaohs.

Continue to the **Valley of the Kings**, burial site of almost all New Kingdom pharaohs of the 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> dynasties. Visit the **tomb of Tutankhamun**, along with some **other**

**tombs of your choice**. The Valley's many-chambered tombs are richly decorated with vibrant wall paintings depicting the stories of their rule, their gods and legends of the afterlife.

This evening, the ship sails to the farming town of Esna.



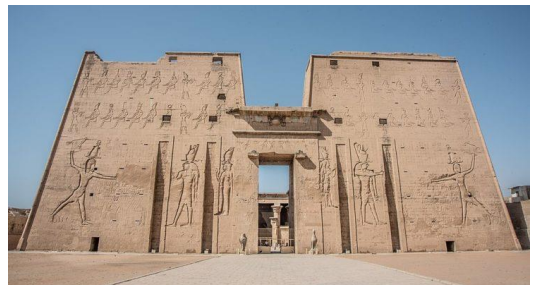
### Destination Information

**Colossi of Memnon** – 64-foot twin stone statues of the Pharaoh Amenhotep III, who reigned during the 18<sup>th</sup> dynasty and founded the Temple of Luxor. The Colossi have survived for 3,400 years; they once flanked the entrance to his lost mortuary temple, which has vanished into the sands.

**Temple of Hatshepsut** - The mortuary temple of Queen Hatshepsut, located beneath the cliffs of Deir-el-Bahari. It mirrored her predecessor Mentuhotep II's temple, but on a much grander scale as Hatshepsut needed to establish her authority and legitimacy of her reign in a more obvious way than male predecessors.

## Day 9: Kom Ombo

Continue to **Edfu**, south of Esna, to visit the **Temple of Horus** and its wealth of inscriptions. Although it was built under the Ptolemaic dynasty, its style appears much older, and it remains impressively intact. During lunch, sail to the agricultural town of **Kom Ombo**, famous for its Ptolemaic-era **twin temples** to falcon-headed Horus and crocodile-headed Sobek. This evening, sail toward Aswan.



### Destination Information

**Temple of Edfu** – Built from 237 – 257BC and buried under centuries of sand and silt until the nineteenth century, when French Egyptologist Auguste Mariette rediscovered the site. The complex is one of the most well-preserved sites in Egypt today. Its architecture is very much intact, and the building contains a wealth of legible inscriptions on its walls. It is dedicated to the falcon god, Horus.

**Kom Ombo Temple** – A symmetrical double temple dedicated to two gods: Horus and the local crocodile god, Sobek. Its twin dedication is clearly reflected in its twin entrances, two linked hypostyle halls with carvings of two gods on either side, and twin sanctuaries. Built under the Ptolemaic dynasty in 180-47BC, it shows many Greek and Roman influences, and even representations of Roman emperors making offerings to Egyptian gods. It was also a site of healing; note the fascinating relief on the rear wall, which depicts ancient medical instruments such as scalpels and forceps.

## Day 10: Aswan High Dam, the Temple of Philae & Felucca Cruise

Spend the morning exploring the great monuments around **Aswan**. You'll visit the 3600-metre long **High Dam**, the **Unfinished Obelisk** and the majestic **Temple of Philae**.

This afternoon, board a traditional **felucca** boat and enjoy a relaxing cruise around the area, passing **Elephantine Island** and stopping to visit **Kitchener's Island** with its botanical gardens.



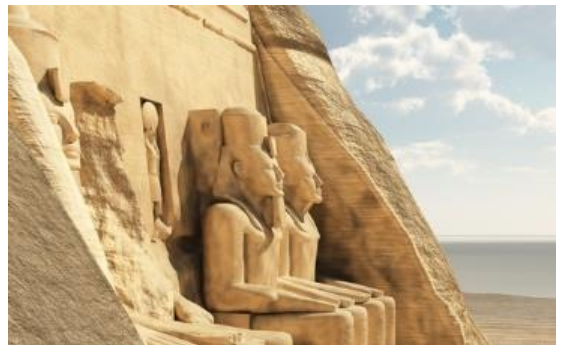
### Destination Information

**Unfinished Obelisk** – The largest known ancient obelisk, created on the orders of Hatshepsut. It would have been 42 metres if completed; one-third larger than any Egyptian obelisk ever erected. It is carved directly out of bedrock, but cracks appeared in the granite and the project was abandoned. Thirty-six centuries later, it remains visible in the quarry, now an open-air museum.

**Aswan High Dam** – The world's largest embankment dam, built across the Nile in Aswan in the 1960s. It serves the irrigation needs of both Egypt and Sudan and generates hydroelectric power.

## Day 11: Disembarkation, Abu Simbel & flight to Cairo

Disembark the ship in Aswan and journey southwest to the iconic temples of **Abu Simbel**, at Egypt's furthest edge. The **Great Temple** here is dedicated to Ramesses II, sometimes said to be the greatest pharaoh of the New Kingdom; four 66-foot-high statues of him flank its entrance, and many more enormous statues and halls filled with wall paintings are to be seen inside. To the right of the Ramesses temple entrance is the **Small Temple**, dedicated to Nefertari (Ramesses' chief queen) and the sky deity Hathor, the symbolic mother of all pharaohs. Return to Aswan for your evening flight to **Cairo**.



*The drive from Aswan to Abu Simbel takes around three hours, but is almost universally considered worth the journey by all who have visited in the two centuries since its discovery. Many consider it the highlight of Egypt.*

### Destination Information

**Abu Simbel** – The temples at Abu Simbel sit on the western bank of Lake Nasser, the largest man-made reservoir in the world. Originally carved out of the mountain in the 13<sup>th</sup> century BC, they were later buried by sand, until their rediscovery by Swiss researcher Johann Ludwig Burckhardt in 1813. In the 1960s, the temples were threatened by the rising water levels caused by the Aswan Dam; UNESCO saved them by moving them 200 metres from their original location – a phenomenal feat of archaeological engineering.



## Day 12: Fly Cairo to Amman

Fly to **Amman** and be transferred to your city centre hotel ahead of this evening's briefing and welcome dinner.

### Destination Information

**Amman** – Jordan's capital city is also the largest in the Levant, with a population of around 4 million and a history spanning some 12,000 years. Like Rome, it was initially spread over 7 hills (jabals) that number has increased to 17. It is the seat of the royal family. Amman is a blend of both new and old, being not only a prosperous centre of commerce and finance but also home to many ruins, including a magnificent Roman amphitheatre, the Byzantine Basilica and the Temple of Hercules or Great Temple of Amman. Despite Amman's impressive age, it has the feel of a young and liberal capital with an exciting future ahead.

## Day 13: Explore Amman

Head 35km out of Amman to explore the small city of **As-Salt**. Founded by Alexander the Great and flourishing under the Ottoman Empire, the city is less modernised than Amman, and its traditional yellow buildings and arched windows offer a wonderful insight into 'old Jordan'.

Continue to **Jerash**, an ancient Roman city known as 'the Pompeii of the East'; it is one of the best-preserved Roman towns outside Italy. Here you will learn about the city's history and explore its many archaeological remains before sitting down to watch a favoured Roman pastime: chariot racing!



Take a short drive on to the town of Ajloun, where we visit the fortress of **Qa'lat Al Rabad**, overlooking the Jordan Valley. After, head back to Amman and relax before dinner.

### Destination Information

**As-Salt** - To the northwest of Amman lies As-Salt, a mountainous city and a UNESCO world heritage site. Founded by Alexander the Great, the city was sacked centuries later by the Mongols, but rediscovered its former glory during the Ottoman Empire. In addition to its historical past, the fertile soil in As-Salt has helped its burgeoning reputation as an agricultural hub, and the city is particularly well-known for the quality of its grapes, olives and other dried fruits.

**Jerash** - Widely agreed by scholars to be of the most important Roman cities on the eastern fringes of its empire, Jerash is Jordan's most impressive Roman settlement and one of the best-preserved Roman sites outside of Italy. Ruins here include Emperor Hadrian's Arch, the Hippodrome, the Temple of Artemis and the iconic Forum, bordered by 160 columns.

**Ajloun** - This small town is well known for its historic castle that sits atop Mount Auf, an important Saracen stronghold in the fight against the Crusaders.

## Day 14: Amman & the Desert Castles

Enjoy a tour of the old city of **Amman** this morning, exploring Amman's **Roman amphitheatre** and the hilltop **Citadel**, home to ruins from many periods of Amman's history.



Later, head out of the city for a visit to some of Jordan's **Desert Castles**, including the UNESCO World Heritage Site of **Qasr Amra**, a stunning example of early Islamic art and architecture and boasting impressive frescoed ceilings. Stop at the mysterious site of **Al Kharanah**, a

many-roomed house or palace about which little is known, before visiting the intriguing **Azraq Castle**. Built in the 13<sup>th</sup> century, Azraq also served as Lawrence of Arabia's headquarters in the winter of 1917, during the Great Arab Revolt.

### Destination Information

**The Citadel** - One of Amman's most famous ruins, the Citadel sits on Jebel Al Qala'a hill and overlooks the old city. Approaching the Citadel, you will see sections of the 1700-metre wall that dates to the Bronze Age. Inside you will find the Temple of Hercules, built under Emperor Marcus Aurelius with an original height of 13 metres; the eighth-century Umayyad Palace complex and the sixth-century Byzantine Church.

**Amman's Roman Amphitheatre** - Dating back to the second century AD, this well-preserved Roman site once housed up to 6000 spectators. The angle at which the amphitheatre was carved into the hillside protected the Roman audience members from the sun as well as creating perfect acoustics for the actors on stage.

## Day 15: Mt Nebo, Madaba & Petra

Return to Amman for a visit to a Nai-making workshop, a traditional Jordanian musical instrument similar to a reed flute. Under the tutelage of a local expert, you will learn how to make your own Nai instrument and even master a few simple notes!



After breakfast, you will make your way to **Mount Nebo**, one of the possible burial sites of Moses. It is from here that Moses viewed the promised land in Canaan. Explore the ruins of Nebo's 4th and 5th-century churches, whose floors are still covered with marvellous and intricate mosaics. Continue to the town of **Madaba** to visit the Orthodox Church of St George and the Madaba Mosaic Map, the oldest surviving depiction of the Holy Land.

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Your evening ends in the town of Petra, where we'll enjoy an authentic **Levantine cooking class**, preparing soup, appetisers and a main course under the expert eye of a local chef.

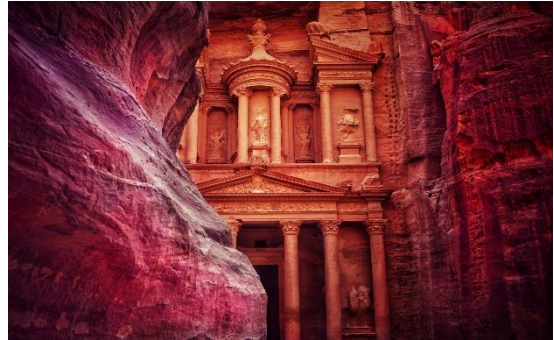
#### Destination Information

**Mount Nebo** - one of the most important holy sites in Jordan, the church here was abandoned in 1564 and fell into disrepair before being purchased by the Franciscan Order, who restored the area and built a monastery there. Pope John Paul II visited the monastery in 2000, planting an olive tree beside the chapel.

**Madaba** - On the East Bank and on the King's Highway sits Madaba, 'The City of Mosaics'. True to its name, many of these excavated mosaics are on display in the town's museum, but it is estimated that almost every house in the town may sit above ancient Byzantine mosaics just waiting to be discovered.

#### Day 16: Petra by Day & Night

This morning you will marvel at the beauty of **Petra**, the 'Lost City of the Nabateans' carved directly into the rugged sandstone cliffs. Surrounded by imposing mountains, the former capital of the Nabatean Empire is approached through a deep cleft in the rocks known as the **Siq**. Rounding the last corner of the Siq and being confronted with the magnificent façade of the famous **Treasury** is an emotive experience for many travellers.



Your guide will introduce you to Petra's many secrets before an afternoon at leisure. This evening, we'll return to Petra and experience the unforgettable sight of the Treasury lit by over a thousand candles. Enhanced by the play of light and shadow, '**Petra by Candlelight**' is an altogether overwhelming experience.

Spend the morning at **Little Petra**, a nearby Nabatean site on a smaller scale and less well-known to visitors. Look out for the Painted Biclinium room with its remains of Nabatean wall-paintings.

#### Destination Information

**Petra** - One of the world's most prized UNESCO World Heritage Sites and voted in 2007 as one of the 'New Seven Wonders of the World', this prehistoric city is nestled within desert canyons and carved deep into the sandstone cliff faces. Capital of the Nabataean Empire between 400 BC - 600 AD, the site gradually grew to prominence and has stood throughout history as one of the world's most unique attractions, with scenes from films such as *Indiana Jones and the Last Crusade* shot from the outside and within the city.

#### Day 17: Wadi Rum Luxury Camp

Journey to **Wadi Rum**; the 'Valley of the Moon'. This adventurer's paradise epitomises the romance of the Arabian desert, with ancient valleys and towering sandstone mountains erupting dramatically from the white and pink sands.



A 4x4 will whisk you through the dunes to see 'Lawrence's Road', visiting the most spectacular sights of Wadi Rum. Hear its long history and role in the Great Arab Revolt and the story of Lawrence of Arabia. Drive among sand dunes and canyons with Bedouin petroglyphs, and venture through the dry oasis to see the iconic **Seven Pillars of Wisdom**. These rough, coarse columns of sandstone and granite were originally called Jabal Al-Mazmar, and renamed after Lawrence's

To book call **1300 727 998** or visit your local travel agent

Visit [wendywutours.com.au](http://wendywutours.com.au)

autobiography. This evening you will stay in a unique, **luxurious desert camp** – a wonderful opportunity for stargazing and a chance to experience *diyafah* (Bedouin hospitality).

*Please note that temperatures in Wadi Rum can drop sharply at night. Make sure to bring a warm jacket with you. You will be camping in a large Bedouin en-suite tent with electricity and all necessary amenities.*

## Day 18: Dead Sea

Depart Wadi Rum this morning, heading north along the Jordanian/Israeli border to the **Dead Sea** – the lowest point on earth. Many travellers come to bathe in these unique waters and the high salt content and mineral-rich mud are said to bring many health benefits.

After lunch, you are free to enjoy the delights of the Dead Sea, bathing in its super-buoyant waters, or perhaps simply relax in your hotel room before dinner.



### Destination Information

**Dead Sea** - This landlocked salt lake is located in the Jordan Rift Valley and sits on the border between Jordan and Israel. At 304 metres deep, rain and surface water flows into the Dead Sea, but apart from evaporation, the water has no escape. The continuous evaporation in combination with the high salt content means that for over 65,000 years, the salinity levels of the Dead Sea have been ever increasing.

## Day 19: Departure from Jordan

After breakfast you will transfer to the airport for your onward flight.

*It is also possible to combine this tour with our Ancient Israel tour. Search 'Egypt, Jordan and Israel Explored' on our website or visit <https://www.wendywutours.co.uk/egypt/tours/egypt-jordan-and-israel-explored.htm> for more information.*

**Please note: Late check-out** is not included in our Egypt & Jordan Adventure tour. If you wish to book a late check-out for your final day in Amman, please contact our reservations department who can confirm the additional price and make this arrangement for you, subject to availability at the hotel.

**Transfers:** In the event that your flight departs outside of the majority group departure time, you will be transferred to the airport by a shared coach (not with other Wendy Wu Tours passengers).

*Please inform our reservations team of any allergies and/or special dietary requirements at time of booking.*

## Egypt & Jordan Adventure Travel Information

### Visas

Entry visas are required by all visitors to Egypt & Jordan and Wendy Wu Tours Visa Department can assist you with the process of obtaining a visa. Please be advised that your passport must have at least six months validity left on it when you arrive back into Australia.

For the latest information on visa procedures, processing times and requirements, please kindly refer to our website <https://www.wendywutours.com.au/help-and-advice/passports-and-visas/>

Please note the visa procedures and requirements may change at any time. These changes are often made by the relevant embassy or consulate, Wendy Wu acts as a third party and has no influence on the process of a visa.

Wendy Wu Tours does not accept responsibility for lost or undelivered items.

All information with regards to visas will be updated regularly on our website as we find visas process' are changing on regular basis.

### Insurance

We strongly recommend that you take out a policy as soon as you pay your deposit. Wendy Wu Tours cannot in any way be made liable for any additional cost incurred by the customer on any tour due to the customer not having adequate travel insurance.

We also encourage all customers to take a copy of their travel insurance documents (especially relevant international contact numbers) with them while on tour. We advise that you check the inclusions and procedures for lodging claims prior to your departure. These documents should be stored separately from the original.

### Eating in Egypt and Jordan

Egyptian food combines many different elements of Lebanese, Turkish, Syrian, Greek and French dishes changed to suit different tastes – Mediterranean influences in Alexandria but spicy Nubian flavors for the south. Some local dishes to try are Fuul – beans mashed with tomatoes, onions and spices. Taamiya is deep-fried patties of spiced green beans served in pitta bread with salad. Makarona is macaroni baked into a cake with minced lamb and tomato sauce.

It is not advisable to drink tap water throughout Egypt. Please ensure you have bottled water with you at all times and when freshening remember to use the bottled water supplied or your own bottle.

Jordanian cuisine is wonderfully rich and flavourful, with the inspiration for much of its cuisine dating back hundreds of years when Jordan was a vital stage on the spice routes from China and India. Hearty dishes such as *mansaf* (lamb, rice and rehydrated yoghurt) fragrant *zarb* (succulent chicken, herbs and vegetables cooked in a pot beneath the desert sands in true Bedouin style), *baba ghanoush* (grilled aubergines with fresh parsley and pomegranate molasses) fresh *hummus*, olives and endless varieties of dates all contribute to the wonderful cuisine to be found here. Savoury dishes aside, Turkish and Arabic coffee is served throughout the country. Jordanians also have a taste for all things sweet, with sweet pastries like *baclava* a favourite amongst locals and tourists alike. Whilst we always encourage our guests to try the local cuisine, you will have opportunities during your tour to eat Western food.



Those with dietary requirements will be well catered for - just make sure to inform your booking agent of any specific requirements well in advance of your trip.

All the restaurants we visit will be researched and inspected regularly to ensure that they follow the strictest health, cleanliness, and safety guidelines. All waiting staff will wear face masks and gloves and self-service buffets will be avoided in favour of à la carte dining, waiter-served meals, or waiter-assisted buffets. Hand sanitiser will be provided to the group before and after every food and beverage service.

Please read your travel guide, which you will receive with your final documents for more information about eating in Egypt & Jordan. We recommend that when it comes to Egyptian & Jordanian food, you stay open minded and try to be adventurous!

Special note in regards alcohol in Jordan:

Please note that alcohol is not provided at your hotels and restaurants, however you are permitted to bring alcohol to your rooms. Keep in mind that Jordan is a more conservative country than you may be used to and it is highlight frowned upon to show public displays of drunkenness.

## Accommodation

Your accommodation has been selected for convenience of location, comfort or character, and can range from a business hotel in one city to a heritage-type hotel. In remote areas, accommodation may be of a lower standard and may not have western amenities. Hotels are generally rated as local three to four-star standard, but do please note that there is no international classification system for hotels and differences in facilities and quality do exist between Australia , Egypt and Jordan. Rest assured that all hotels used by Wendy Wu Tours are regularly inspected by our staff and our partners to ensure that standards are met.

While all group tour hotels have private western bathroom facilities air conditioning, TV and a telephone, on the sleeper train there are shared ablutions at the end of each carriage, but your compartment will have a basin. Plumbing and electricity supplies can be erratic and quite often the power in hotel rooms is turned off while guests are out of the room. If you experience any difficulty, please speak to your National Escort or Local Guide.

## Porterage

Please be aware that porterage is not included on our tours in Egypt. You will therefore need to be able to handle your own luggage within the hotel and when using transportation like trains and coaches.

## Transport

**Coaches:** Coaches with air conditioning are used on our group tours for city sightseeing, short excursions to the countryside and longer transfers where necessary. Main and inner-city roads in Egypt have a reputation for being very congested. For this reason, it may not always be possible to return to your hotel after sightseeing to freshen up before going to the restaurant for dinner. Roads in Egypt have generally been improved over recent years, but traffic and/or weather conditions may extend driving times. Road construction work usually covers an enormous section of road - not just one or two kilometres as you may be used to. For this reason, the timings listed in the sections above are approximations only.

**Planes:** Internal flights are based on economy class, with reputable airlines. Pre-flight seat allocation is not available on international and internal flight sectors.



**Cruise ships:** On this tour you will take a 4-night cruise down the Nile River. Your cabin on your Nile River cruise ship will have a private bathroom and French balcony. Please note that the cruise ship and all shore excursions arranged by the cruise are on a shared basis.

**Trains:** On this tour you will take an overnight sleeper train from Cairo to Luxor (approx 10 hrs duration). Following checkin you will be served a light dinner to your cabin. Cabins consist of 2 seats that are then converted to two beds (bunk beds) at night time, there is also a small wash basin and vanity in each cabin. Bathroom facilities are on a shared basis.

**4WD:** Due to Wadi Rum's remote location and difficult terrain, you will travel to and from here in a fleet of 4x4's. Water will be provided and you will experience the thrill of venturing through the desert in an all-terrain vehicle

### Development in Egypt and Jordan

Although Egypt is developing quickly, it still lacks the international standards of civil infrastructure and tourist facilities. Concepts of personal responsibility are also different to those in Australia. Consequently, tourist and public facilities may not uphold the same safety standards as in Australia; for example, you may see a hole in the road without a warning sign or safety barricade. All of our suppliers meet local safety standards as a minimum. We want you to have an enjoyable holiday so we ask that you take extra care, use your common sense, refer to notices and follow advice from your National Escort or Local Guides.

Jordan is a developed country and as such matches the west in modernity and technological advances in many aspects. Jordan is a safe country to visit and the locals are very friendly and willing to help visitors

### Public Holidays in Egypt and Jordan

If you are travelling within the below Egypt Public Holidays, please note that celebrations can last a couple of days and during these times some businesses will be closed. Coach, air and train travel may be affected. Tourist attractions will be open but may be crowded. Labour Day May 1, End of Ramadan 2 – 5 May 2022, birth of Prophet Muhammad 8 Oct 2022, Aid Al Adha 9-13 July 2022.

If you are travelling within the below Jordan Public Holidays, please note that celebrations can last a couple of days and during these times some businesses will be closed. Coach, air and train travel may be affected. Tourist attractions will be open but may be crowded. New Years Day 1 Jan 2022, Labour Day 1 May 2021, Eid al-Fitr 2 -5 May 2022, Independence Day 25 May 2022, Eid al-Adha 9 -13 Jul 2022

### Souvenirs

We want to be able to give you an opportunity to buy souvenirs, so we include some stops at museums or exhibitions that demonstrates a craft or product unique to that region with pieces available to buy. We understand that souvenir hunting is not for everyone, so we aim to take you to places that hold local interest. We trust you will enjoy these opportunities to learn about local arts and crafts and understand their historical and cultural importance.

### Group Size

The group size on our Middle East Classic Tours is on average 10-18 passengers, with a maximum group size of 18. You may encounter other Wendy Wu tour groups while you are travelling. On our group tours we operate a seat-and-a-half policy, allowing you to travel in greater comfort.

All our departures are guaranteed to operate with a minimum of 8 travellers booked (unless cancelled due to factors beyond our control). A national escort will accompany each group of 10 or more. However, at our discretion we may operate departures with a smaller group size as we try to operate advertised departures wherever it is viable to do so.

To book call **1300 727 998** or visit your local travel agent

Visit [wendywutours.com.au](http://wendywutours.com.au)

## Tipping Policy

Tipping while on holiday is common in most parts of the world and Egypt and Jordan are no exception. However, it is not always clear who it is appropriate to tip and how much. Furthermore, travellers may not have the right amounts of cash available at the right time. In order to avoid any inconvenience Wendy Wu Tours operates a tipping policy where a stated amount is given to your national escort at the beginning of your tour and tips are disbursed amongst your main service providers (for example local guides and drivers) throughout your tour. The amount is designed to be at a reasonable level for travellers while being fair to the local people and includes a gratuity for the national escort. Any other tipping, such as tips for bathroom attendants or hotel porters that are taking luggage to your room, is at your discretion based on satisfaction of services received, as are gratuities for additional requested special services.

We generally find that most customers appreciate the convenience of our tipping policy but we do recognize that it may not suit everyone. However, as this is a group tour we ask that everyone follows the same protocol to be fair to other group members and to ensure smooth operation of your tour.

## Packing List & Climate

You will find a complete packing list and a helpful climate chart in the 'Suggested Packing List', which will be included in the pre-departure information link sent within your deposit documentation. Seasonal weather patterns can be quite unpredictable. Up to the minute information on worldwide weather can be found on [www.weather.com](http://www.weather.com)

## Luggage

All travelers are limited to two items of luggage each; a suitcase with a maximum weight of 20kg and one piece of hand luggage with a maximum weight of five kilograms. It is essential that your luggage is lockable. Please note that authorities will only allow bottles onto the aircraft if they have been checked in as main baggage. Bottles in hand luggage may be confiscated.

## Exchanging cash

It is highly recommended that extra care and attention is paid when exchanging money when travelling to cities outside of Cairo & Amman. US Dollars and Australian Dollars can be exchanged at Cairo Airport and in some hotels, provided the Australian currency is new and undamaged. We suggest exchanging your money before travelling to smaller towns, as exchange facilities can be very limited. Your National Escort will remind you to do this before departure.

## Personal expenses and optional tours

Personal Expense - You will need to take some extra money to cover drinks, laundry and souvenirs, plus any additional sightseeing that may be offered to you. Based on the advice of previous customers an approximate amount of AUD\$250AUD per person, per week should be sufficient; however, for those that can't resist a bargain or may wish to participate in all of the optional excursions, consider allocating a higher amount.

Optional Tours - May be offered in each city you visit during your tour. These are not included in the standard itinerary and will only be available if time permits and if seats are available. In your Final Documentation an Optional Excursion Sheet will be included outlining the activities available in each city and local cost associated. Please ensure you have additional funds available if you feel you may wish to participate in any extra activities. Each option will be arranged locally by your National Escort/Local Guide, participation and tipping for optional excursions is completely at your discretion.



## Climbing Steps

Sightseeing at a lot of sites of interest involves climbing quite a number of steps. The steps tend to be quite large, not level and sometimes without handrails. You sometimes need to walk from the bus park to the entrance, and/or need to climb some steps inside. People with knee or hip injuries, who have poor balance or are otherwise unable to complete these activities independently should consider the suitability of this itinerary carefully.

## Cultural Difference

Both Egyptian and Jordanian society and culture are built on intricate social etiquette and customs. As foreigners, we are not expected to be knowledgeable about all etiquette, but it will make your time in Egypt & Jordan more enjoyable if you are respectful of local customs. Some examples of scenarios you may encounter are, whilst Muslim women's clothing often covers their legs, arms, and hair, Western women are not subject to these customs. However, very revealing clothing is discouraged, and dressing conservatively around the old part of Amman and outside of the cities is advisable for both men and women. Furthermore, women do not need to cover their heads or tie their hair. T-shirts are also fine.

Some religious sites and homes might require all visitors to remove their shoes to enter. Even if you then need to walk outdoors, over hot or rough ground, you will not be allowed to wear shoes. You will often find shoe storage rooms near the entrance of a site where it is customary to leave your shoes near the entrance. Occasionally there are 'shoe minders' who will offer to keep your shoes safe for a 'tip' – this is not compulsory so each customer can choose to tip for this service or not. If you do not want to remove your shoes, you will have to remain outside.

We recommend shoes that easily slip on and off, and carry a pair of thick, old socks in your daypack, which you can wear to protect your feet from any rough or hot surfaces.

## Vaccinations and Your Health

We recommend that you contact either your GP or Travelvax (1300 360 164) for advice on vaccinations and travel health. Travelvax has a comprehensive website that you may also find useful [www.travelvax.com.au](http://www.travelvax.com.au)

Wendy Wu Tours is committed to always providing a safe and healthy environment for all passengers. We work closely with our airline partners to take effective measures to protect you from contracting and spreading COVID-19, in accordance with legal requirements and government guidelines. Please follow the below link for more details on our COVID vaccination policy: <https://www.wendywutours.com.au/help-and-visas/covid-vaccination-policy/>

## COVID Safe

Your safety and well-being will always be our Number 1 priority which is why we've instituted the most stringent COVID health and safety protocols on all of tours. As we continue to monitor current restrictions and operational impacts, these protocols will evolve, and we will provide detailed guidelines for your particular tour prior to departure. For further details please go to the following link <https://www.wendywutours.com.au/about-us/travel-with-confidence/>

### Before You Leave

We strongly recommend registering your travel plans with [www.smartraveller.gov.au](http://www.smartraveller.gov.au) as in the event of an emergency, Australian Consular assistance will be more readily available. You can also access the Australian Government's travel advisory service for up to date information about your destination on the same website.

### After your booking

Once you have booked with Wendy Wu Tours, you will receive a confirmation invoice followed by deposit documentation, which includes a visa application form (if applicable), and a help sheet. Your final documentation pack will be sent to you approximately 2-3 weeks prior to departure.

**Last updated: April 2022**